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- Member of the Texas Instruments Widebus+<sup>™</sup> Family
- Pinout Optimizes DDR-II DIMM PCB Layout
- Configurable as 25-Bit 1:1 or 14-Bit 1:2 Registered Buffer
- Chip-Select Inputs Gate the Data Outputs from Changing State and Minimizes System Power Consumption
- Output Edge-Control Circuitry Minimizes Switching Noise in an Unterminated Line
- Supports SSTL\_18 Data Inputs
- Differential Clock (CLK and CLK) Inputs

## Supports LVCMOS Switching Levels on the Control and RESET Inputs

- RESET Input Disables Differential Input Receivers, Resets All Registers, and Forces All Outputs Low
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Protection Exceeds JESD 22
   5000-V Human-Body Model (A114-A)
  - 200-V Machine Model (A115-A)
  - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)

## description/ordering information

This 25-bit 1:1 or 14-bit 1:2 configurable registered buffer is designed for 1.7-V to 1.9-V  $V_{CC}$  operation. In the 1:1 pinout configuration, only one device per DIMM is required to drive nine SDRAM loads. In the 1:2 pinout configuration, two devices per DIMM are required to drive 18 SDRAM loads.

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All inputs are SSTL\_18, except the LVCMOS reset (RESET) and LVCMOS control (Cn) inputs. All outputs are edge-controlled circuits optimized for unterminated DIMM loads and meet SSTL\_18 specifications.

The SN74SSTU32864 operates from a differential clock (CLK and CLK). Data are registered at the crossing of CLK going high and CLK going low.

The C0 input controls the pinout configuration of the 1:2 pinout from register-A configuration (when low) to register-B configuration (when high). The C1 input controls the pinout configuration from 25-bit 1:1 (when low) to 14-bit 1:2 (when high). C0 and C1 should not be switched during normal operation. They should be hard-wired to a valid low or high level to configure the register in the desired mode. In the 25-bit 1:1 pinout configuration, the A6, D6, and H6 terminals are driven low and should not be used.

The device supports low-power standby operation. When RESET is low, the differential input receivers are disabled, and undriven (floating) data, clock, and reference voltage (V<sub>REF</sub>) inputs are allowed. In addition, when RESET is low, all registers are reset and all outputs are forced low. The LVCMOS RESET and Cn inputs always must be held at a valid logic high or low level.

The two V<sub>REF</sub> pins (A3 and T3), are connected together internally by approximately 150  $\Omega$ . However, it is necessary to connect only one of the two V<sub>REF</sub> pins to the external V<sub>REF</sub> power supply. An unused V<sub>REF</sub> pin should be terminated with a V<sub>REF</sub> coupling capacitor.

ТА	PACKAGE <sup>†</sup>		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING
0°C to 70°C	LFBGA – GKE	Tape and reel	SN74SSTU32864GKER	SU864

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

<sup>†</sup> Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.



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## description/ordering information (continued)

The device also supports low-power active operation by monitoring both system chip select (DCS and CSR) inputs and will gate the Qn outputs from changing states when both DCS and CSR inputs are high. If either DCS or CSR input is low, the Qn outputs function normally. The RESET input has priority over the DCS and CSR control and forces the output low. If the DCS control functionality is not desired, the CSR input can be hard-wired to ground, in which case, the setup-time requirement for  $\overline{DCS}$  is the same as for the other D data inputs.

To ensure defined outputs from the register before a stable clock has been supplied, RESET must be held in the low state during power up.

GKE PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)

	1		2	3	4	5	6
Α		$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
в	(	$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
С	(	$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
D	(	$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Е	(	$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
F	(	$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
G	(	$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
н	(	$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
J	(	$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
κ	(	$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
L	(	$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
М	(	$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Ν	(	$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Ρ	(	$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
R	(	$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Т		$\sum$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$

## terminal assignments for 1:1 register (C0 = 0, C1 = 0)

	1	2	3	4	5	6
Α	D1 (DCKE)	NC	VREF	Vcc	Q1 (QCKE)	DNU
в	D2	D15	GND	GND	Q2	Q15
С	D3	D16	VCC	Vcc	Q3	Q16
D	D4 (DODT)	NC	GND	GND	Q4 (QODT)	DNU
Е	D5	D17	V <sub>CC</sub>	VCC	Q5	Q17
F	D6	D18	GND	GND	Q6	Q18
G	NC	RESET	VCC	VCC	C1	C0
н	CLK	D7 (DCS)	GND	GND	Q7 ( <u>QCS</u> )	DNU
J	CLK	CSR	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	NC	NC
κ	D8	D19	GND	GND	Q8	Q19
L	D9	D20	V <sub>CC</sub>	VCC	Q9	Q20
М	D10	D21	GND	GND	Q10	Q21
Ν	D11	D22	VCC	VCC	Q11	Q22
Р	D12	D23	GND	GND	Q12	Q23
R	D13	D24	V <sub>CC</sub>	VCC	Q13	Q24
т	D14	D25	V <sub>REF</sub>	Vcc	Q14	Q25

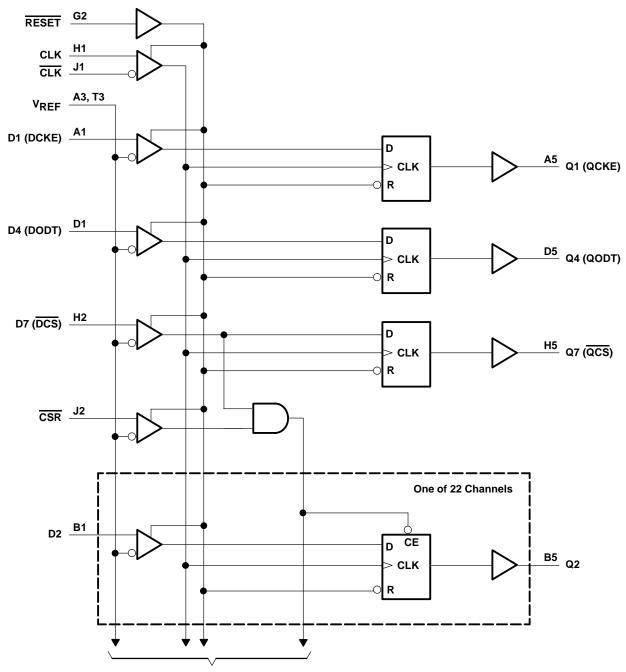
Each pin name in parentheses indicates the DDR-II DIMM signal name.

NC - No internal connection

DNU - Do not use



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logic diagram for 1:1 register configuration (positive logic)

To 21 Other Channels (D3, D5, D6, D8-D25)



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```
GKE PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)
```

1	2	3	4	5	6

Α	
в	$\bigcirc$
С	$\bigcirc$
D	$\bigcirc$
Е	$\bigcirc$
F	$\bigcirc$
G	$\bigcirc$
н	$\bigcirc$
J	$\bigcirc$
κ	OOOOOOO
L	$\bigcirc$
м	$\bigcirc$
Ν	$\bigcirc$
Ρ	OOOOOOO
R	$\bigcirc$
т	000000

terminal assignments for	r 1:2 register A	(C0 = 0, C1 = 1)
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	1	2	3	4	5	6
A	D1 (DCKE)	NC	VREF	Vcc	Q1A (QCKEA)	Q1B (QCKEB)
в	D2	DNU	GND	GND	Q2A	Q2B
С	D3	DNU	VCC	VCC	Q3A	Q3B
D	D4 (DODT)	NC	GND	GND	Q4A (QODTA)	Q4B (QODTB)
Е	D5	DNU	VCC	VCC	Q5A	Q5B
F	D6	DNU	GND	GND	Q6A	Q6B
G	NC	RESET	VCC	VCC	C1	C0
н	CLK	D7 (DCS)	GND	GND	<u>Q7A</u> (QCSA)	Q7B (QCSB)
J	CLK	CSR	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	NC	NC
κ	D8	DNU	GND	GND	Q8A	Q8B
L	D9	DNU	VCC	VCC	Q9A	Q9B
М	D10	DNU	GND	GND	Q10A	Q10B
Ν	D11	DNU	VCC	VCC	Q11A	Q11B
Р	D12	DNU	GND	GND	Q12A	Q12B
R	D13	DNU	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	Q13A	Q13B
т	D14	DNU	VREF	V <sub>CC</sub>	Q14A	Q14B

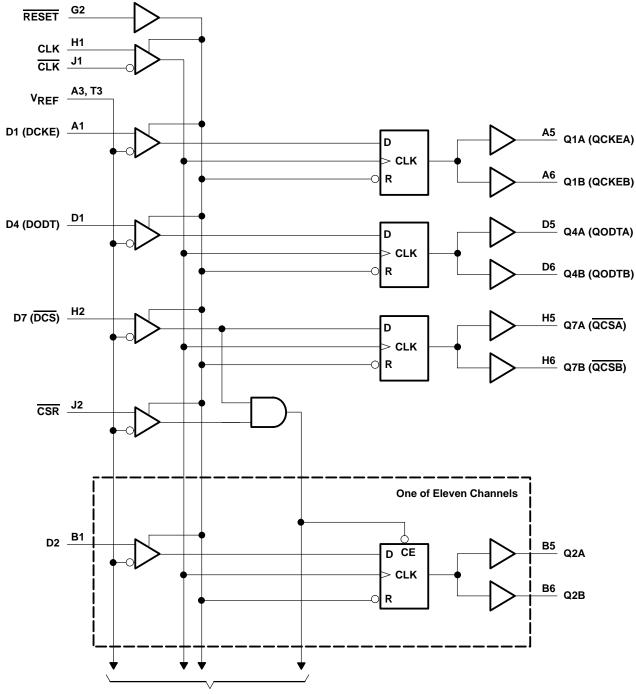
Each pin name in parentheses indicates the DDR-II DIMM signal name.

NC – No internal connection

DNU – Do not use



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logic diagram 1:2 register-A configuration (positive logic)

To 10 Other Channels (D3, D5, D6, D8–D14)



=5434 - MARCH 2003

```
GKE PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)
```

```
1 2 3 4 5 6
```

Α	
в	$\bigcirc$
С	$\bigcirc$
D	$\bigcirc$
Е	$\bigcirc$
F	OOOOOOO
G	$\bigcirc$
н	$\bigcirc$
J	OOOOOOO
κ	OOOOOOO
L	$\bigcirc$
М	OOOOOOO
Ν	OOOOOOO
Ρ	0000000
R	0000000
т	0000000
	۱ <i>(</i>

•••								
	1	2	3	4	5	6		
Α	D1	NC	VREF	VCC	Q1A	Q1B		
в	D2	DNU	GND	GND	Q2A	Q2B		
С	D3	DNU	VCC	Vcc	Q3A	Q3B		
D	D4	NC	GND	GND	Q4A	Q4B		
Е	D5	DNU	VCC	VCC	Q5A	Q5B		
F	D6	DNU	GND	GND	Q6A	Q6B		
G	NC	RESET	VCC	VCC	C1	C0		
н	CLK	D7 (DCS)	GND	GND	<u>Q7A</u> (QCSA)	<u>Q7B</u> (QCSB)		
J	CLK	CSR	VCC	Vcc	NC	NC		
κ	D8	DNU	GND	GND	Q8A	Q8B		
L	D9	DNU	VCC	Vcc	Q9A	Q9B		
М	D10	DNU	GND	GND	Q10A	Q10B		
Ν	D11 (DODT)	DNU	Vcc	Vcc	Q11A (QODTA)	Q11B (QODTB)		
Ρ	D12	DNU	GND	GND	Q12A	Q12B		
R	D13	DNU	VCC	Vcc	Q13A	Q13B		
т	D14 (DCKE)	DNU	VREF	VCC	Q14A (QCKEA)	Q14B (QCKEB)		
	Each pin nam	e in parenthese	es indicates the	DDR-II DIMM	signal name			

terminal assignments for 1:2 register B (C0 = 1, C1 = 1)

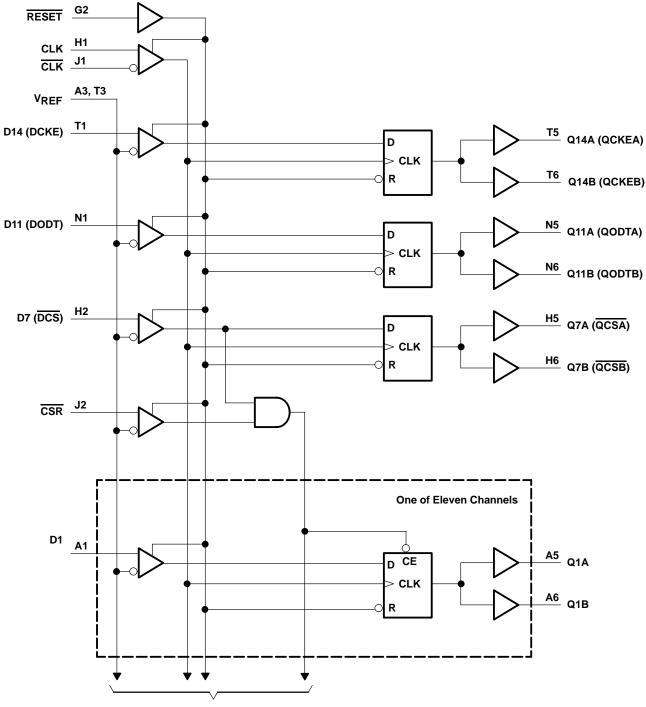
Each pin name in parentheses indicates the DDR-II DIMM signal name.

NC – No internal connection

DNU – Do not use



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logic diagram 1:2 register-B configuration (positive logic)

To 10 Other Channels (D2-D6, D8-D10, D12-D13)



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#### **TERMINAL FUNCTIONS**

TERMINAL NAME	DESCRIPTION	ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS
GND	Ground	Ground input
VCC	Power-supply voltage	1.8 V nominal
VREF	Input reference voltage	0.9 V nominal
CLK	Positive master clock input	Differential input
CLK	Negative master clock input	Differential input
C0, C1	Configuration control inputs – Register A, Register B, 1:1, 1:2 select	LVCMOS inputs
RESET	Asynchronous reset input – resets registers and disables $V_{\mbox{\sf REF}}$ data and clock differential-input receivers	LVCMOS input
D1–D25	Data inputs – clocked in on the crossing of the rising edge of CLK and the falling edge of $\overline{CLK}$	SSTL_18 inputs
CSR, DCS	Chip select inputs – disables D1-D25 $^{\dagger}$ outputs switching when both inputs are high	SSTL_18 inputs
DODT	The outputs of this register bit will not be suspended by the DCS and CSR control.	SSTL_18 input
DCKE	The outputs of this register bit will not be suspended by the DCS and CSR control.	SSTL_18 input
Q1–Q25‡	Data outputs that are suspended by the DCS and CSR control	1.8 V CMOS outputs
QCS	Data output that will not be suspended by the DCS and CSR control	1.8 V CMOS output
QODT	Data output that will not be suspended by the DCS and CSR control	1.8 V CMOS output
QCKE	Data output that will not be suspended by the DCS and CSR control	1.8 V CMOS output
NC	No internal connection	
DNU	Do not use – inputs are in standby-equivalent mode, and outputs are driven low.	

<sup>†</sup> Data inputs = D2, D3, D5, D6, D8–D25 when C0 = 0 and C1 = 0 Data inputs = D2, D3 D5, D6, D8–D14 when C0 = 0 and C1 = 1

Data inputs = D1–D6, D8–D10, D12, D13 when C0 = 1 and C1 = 1.

<sup>‡</sup> Data outputs = Q2, Q3, Q5, Q6, Q8–Q25 when C0 = 0 and C1 = 0 Data outputs = Q2, Q3 Q5, Q6, Q8–Q14 when C0 = 0 and C1 = 1

Data outputs = Q1–Q6, Q8–Q10, Q12, Q13 when C0 = 1 and C1 = 1.



	FUNCTION TABLES						
	INPUTS						
RESET	DCS	CSR	CLK	CLK	Dn	Qn	
н	L	Х	$\uparrow$	$\downarrow$	L	L	
н	L	Х	$\uparrow$	$\downarrow$	н	н	
н	Х	L	$\uparrow$	$\downarrow$	L	L	
н	Х	L	$\uparrow$	$\downarrow$	Н	н	
н	Н	Н	$\uparrow$	$\downarrow$	Х	Q <sub>0</sub>	
н	Х	Х	L or H	L or H	Х	Q <sub>0</sub>	
L	X or floating	L					

	INPUTS							
RESET	CLK	CLK	DCKE, DCS, DODT	QCKE, QCS, QODT				
Н	$\uparrow$	$\downarrow$	Н	Н				
н	$\uparrow$	$\downarrow$	L	L				
н	L or H	L or H	Х	Q <sub>0</sub>				
L	X or floating	X or floating	X or floating	L				

#### absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>†</sup>

Supply voltage range, V <sub>CC</sub>	
Input voltage range, V <sub>I</sub> (see Notes 1 and 2)	–0.5 V to 2.5 V
Output voltage range, V <sub>O</sub> (see Notes 1 and 2)	–0.5 V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V
Input clamp current, I <sub>IK</sub> (V <sub>I</sub> < 0 or V <sub>I</sub> > V <sub>CC</sub> )	±50 mA
Output clamp current, $I_{OK}$ ( $V_O < 0$ or $V_O > V_{CC}$ )	±50 mA
Continuous output current, $I_O (V_O = 0 \text{ to } V_{CC})$	±50 mA
Continuous current through each V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	±100 mA
Package thermal impedance, θ <sub>JA</sub> (see Note 3)	36°C/W
Storage temperature range, T <sub>stg</sub>	–65°C to 150°C

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

2. This value is limited to 2.5 V maximum.

3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.



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### recommended operating conditions (see Note 4)

			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
VCC	Supply voltage		1.7		1.9	V
VREF	Reference voltage		$0.49 \times V_{CC}$	$0.5 \times V_{CC}$	$0.51 \times V_{CC}$	V
VI	Input voltage		0		VCC	V
VIH	AC high-level input voltage	Data inputs, CSR	V <sub>REF</sub> +250 mV			V
VIL	AC low-level input voltage	Data inputs, CSR			VREF-250 mV	V
VIH	DC high-level input voltage	Data inputs, CSR	V <sub>REF</sub> +125 mV			V
VIL	DC low-level input voltage	Data inputs, CSR			VREF-125 mV	V
VIH	High-level input voltage	RESET, Cn	$0.65 \times V_{CC}$			V
VIL	Low-level input voltage	RESET, Cn			$0.35 \times V_{CC}$	V
VICR	Common-mode input voltage range	CLK, CLK	0.675		1.125	V
V <sub>I(PP)</sub>	Peak-to-peak input voltage	CLK, CLK	600			mV
IOH	High-level output current	-			-8	<b>س</b> ۸
IOL	Low-level output current				8	mA
Т <sub>А</sub>	Operating free-air temperature		0		70	°C

NOTE 4: The RESET and Cn inputs of the device must be held at valid logic voltage levels (not floating) to ensure proper device operation. The differential inputs must not be floating unless RESET is low. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS* Inputs, literature number SCBA004.



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#### electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

F	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		Vcc	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT
Vari		I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	1.7 V to 1.9 V	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2			V	
VOH		$I_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}$	1.7 V	1.2			v	
VOL		I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA		1.7 V to 1.9 V			0.2	V
VOL		I <sub>OL</sub> = 6 mA		1.7 V			0.5	v
lı	All inputs <sup>‡</sup>	VI = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	-	1.9 V			±5	μA
ICC	Static standby	RESET = GND	$I_{0} = 0$	1.9 V			100	μA
	Static operating	$\overline{\text{RESET}} = V_{CC}, V_{I} = V_{IH(AC)} \text{ or } V_{IL(AC)}$	0-0	1.5 V			40	mA
	Dynamic operating – clock only	$\frac{\text{RESET}}{\text{CLK}} = \frac{V_{CC}}{V_{IC}}, V_{I} = V_{IH(AC)} \text{ or } V_{IL(AC)},$ CLK and CLK switching 50% duty cycle				28		μA/ MHz
ICCD	Dynamic operating – per each data input, 1:1 configuration	$\overline{\text{RESET}} = \underline{V_{CC}}, V_{I} = V_{IH(AC)} \text{ or } V_{IL(AC)},$ CLK and CLK switching 50% duty cycle,	IO = 0	1.8 V		18		μA/ clock
	Dynamic operating – per each data input, 1:2 configuration	One data input switching at one-half clock frequency, 50% duty cycle				36		MHz/ D input
	Chip-select-enabled low-power active mode – clock only	$\frac{\text{RESET}}{\text{CLK}} = \frac{V_{CC}}{\text{CLK}}, V_{I} = V_{IH(AC)} \text{ or } V_{IL(AC)},$ CLK and CLK switching 50% duty cycle				27		μA/ MHz
ICCDLP	Chip-select-enabled low-power active mode – 1:1 configuration	$\overline{\text{RESET}} = \underline{V_{CC}}, V_{I} = V_{IH(AC)} \text{ or } V_{IL(AC)},$ CLK and CLK switching 50% duty cycle,	I <mark>O</mark> = 0	1.8 V		2		μΑ/ clock
	Chip-select-enabled low-power active mode – 1:2 configuration	One data input switching at one-half clock frequency, 50% duty cycle				2		MHz/ D input
	Data inputs, CSR	$V_I = V_{REF} \pm 250 \text{ mV}$			2.5	3	3.5	
Ci	CLK, CLK	V <sub>ICR</sub> = 0.9 V, V <sub>I(PP)</sub> = 600 mV		1.8 V	2 3			pF
	RESET	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND				2.5		

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V, T<sub>A</sub> =  $25^{\circ}$ C. <sup>‡</sup> Each V<sub>REF</sub> pin (A3 or T3) should be tested independently, with the other (untested) pin open.

#### timing requirements over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1 and Note 5)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
fclock	Clock frequency			500	MHz
tw	Pulse duration, Cl	_K, CLK high or low	1		ns
tact	Differential inputs	active time (see Note 6)		10	ns
t <sub>inact</sub>	Differential inputs	inactive time (see Note 7)		15	ns
		DCS before CLK <sup>↑</sup> , $\overline{\text{CLK}}$ , $\overline{\text{CSR}}$ high; $\overline{\text{CSR}}$ before CLK <sup>↑</sup> , $\overline{\text{CLK}}$ , $\overline{\text{DCS}}$ high	0.7		
t <sub>su</sub>	Setup time	DCS before CLK↑, CLK↓, CSR low	0.5		ns
		DODT, DCKE, and Data before CLK $\uparrow$ , $\overline{CLK}\downarrow$	0.5		
t <sub>h</sub>	Hold time	DCS, DODT, DCKE, and Data after CLK $\uparrow$ , CLK $\downarrow$	0.5		ns

NOTES: 5. All input slew rates are 1 V/ns ±20%.

 V<sub>REF</sub> must be held at a valid input level and data inputs must be held low for a minimum time of t<sub>act</sub> max, after RESET is taken high.
 V<sub>REF</sub>, data, and clock inputs must be held at valid voltage levels (not floating) for a minimum time of t<sub>inact</sub> max, after RESET is taken low.



#### switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V <sub>CC</sub> = ± 0.7	1.8 V I V	UNIT
		(6611 61)	MIN	MAX	
f <sub>max</sub>			500		MHz
t <sub>pdm</sub> †	CLK and CLK	Q	1.4	2.5	ns
t <sub>pdmss</sub> †	CLK and CLK	Q		2.7	ns
<sup>t</sup> RPHL <sup>†</sup>	RESET	Q		3	ns

<sup>†</sup> Includes 350-ps test-load transmission-line delay

#### output slew rates over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 2)

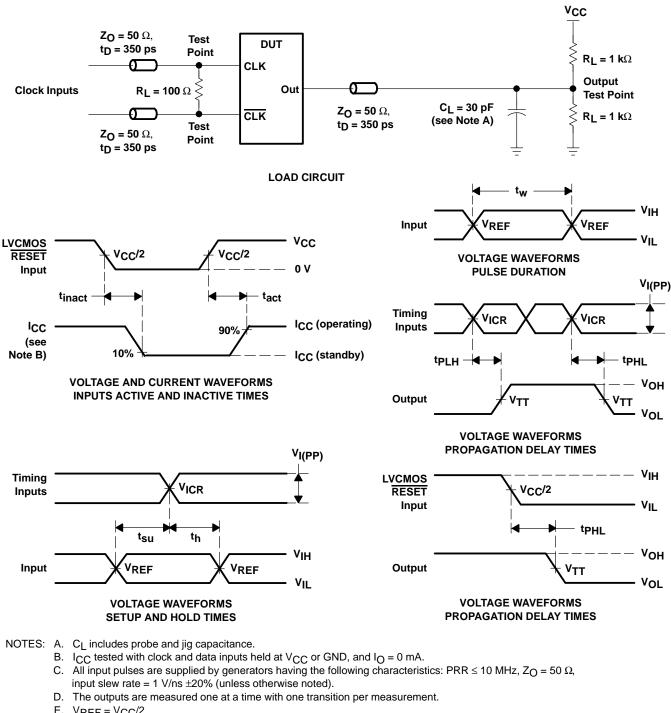
PARAMETER	FROM	то	V <sub>CC</sub> = ± 0.7	UNIT	
			MIN	MAX	
dV/dt_r	20%	80%	1.9	4.9	V/ns
dV/dt_f	80%	20%	1.9	4.9	V/ns
dV/dt_∆§	20% or 80%	80% or 20%		1	V/ns

§ Difference between dV/dt\_r (rising edge rate) and dV/dt\_f (falling edge rate)

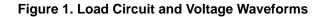


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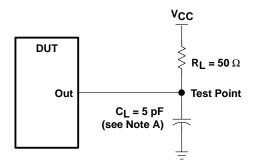
- E.  $V_{REF} = V_{CC}/2$
- F. VIH = VREF + 250 mV (ac voltage levels) for differential inputs. VIH = VCC for LVCMOS input.
- G. VIL = VREF 250 mV (ac voltage levels) for differential inputs. VIL = GND for LVCMOS input.
- H.  $V_{I(PP)} = 600 \text{ mV}$
- I. tpLH and tpHL are the same as tpd.

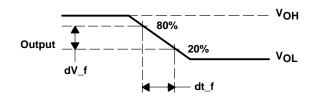




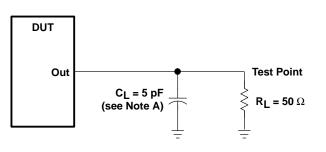
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### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



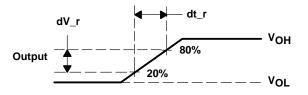


LOAD CIRCUIT HIGH-TO-LOW SLEW-RATE MEASUREMENT



LOAD CIRCUIT LOW-TO-HIGH SLEW-RATE MEASUREMENT

# **VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS** HIGH-TO-LOW SLEW-RATE MEASUREMENT



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NOTES: A. CL includes probe and jig capacitance.

B. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz, Z<sub>O</sub> = 50  $\Omega$ , input slew rate = 1 V/ns  $\pm$  20% (unless otherwise specified).

Figure 2. Output Slew-Rate Measurement Information





## PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	e Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
SN74SSTU32864NMJR	ACTIVE	NFBGA	NMJ	96	1000	RoHS & Green	SNAGCU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	0 to 70	SU864	Samples

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

**RoHS Exempt:** TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

<sup>(4)</sup> There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

<sup>(5)</sup> Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(<sup>6)</sup> Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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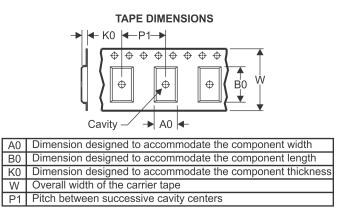
# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

Texas Instruments

www.ti.com

## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





## QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All di	mensions are	nominal	
			-

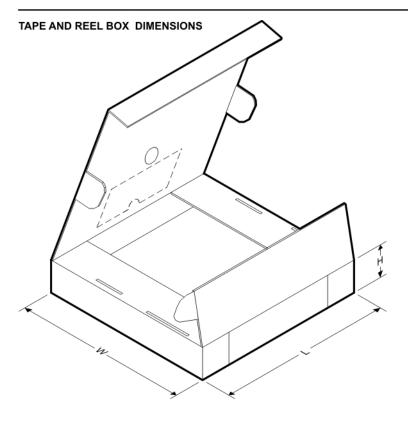
Device		Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74SSTU32864NMJR	NFBGA	NMJ	96	1000	330.0	24.4	5.85	13.85	1.8	8.0	24.0	Q1



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# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

26-May-2021



\*All dimensions are nominal

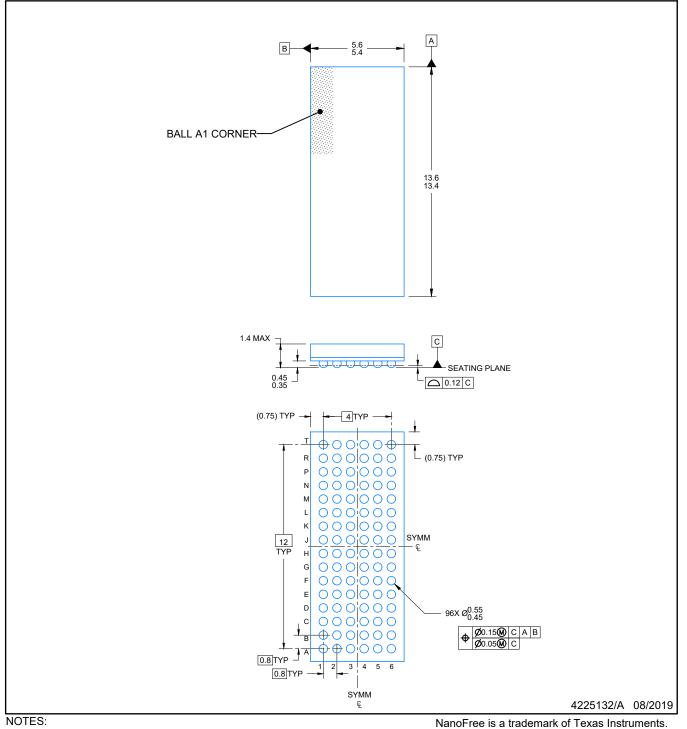
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74SSTU32864NMJR	NFBGA	NMJ	96	1000	336.6	336.6	41.3

# NMJ0096A

# PACKAGE OUTLINE

# NFBGA - 1.4 mm max height

PLASTIC BALL GRID ARRAY



- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

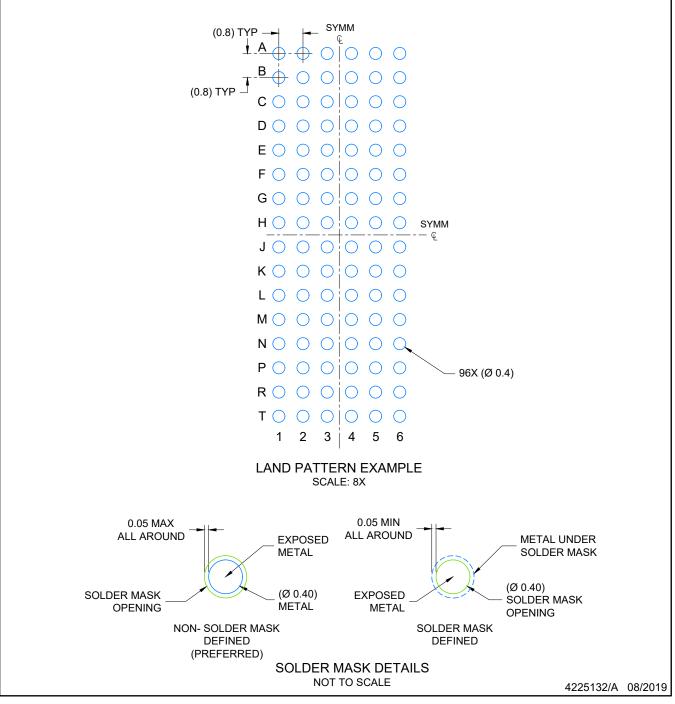


# NMJ0096A

# **EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT**

## NFBGA - 1.4 mm max height

PLASTIC BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

3. Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. Refer to Texas Instruments Literature number SNVA009 (www.ti.com/lit/snva009).

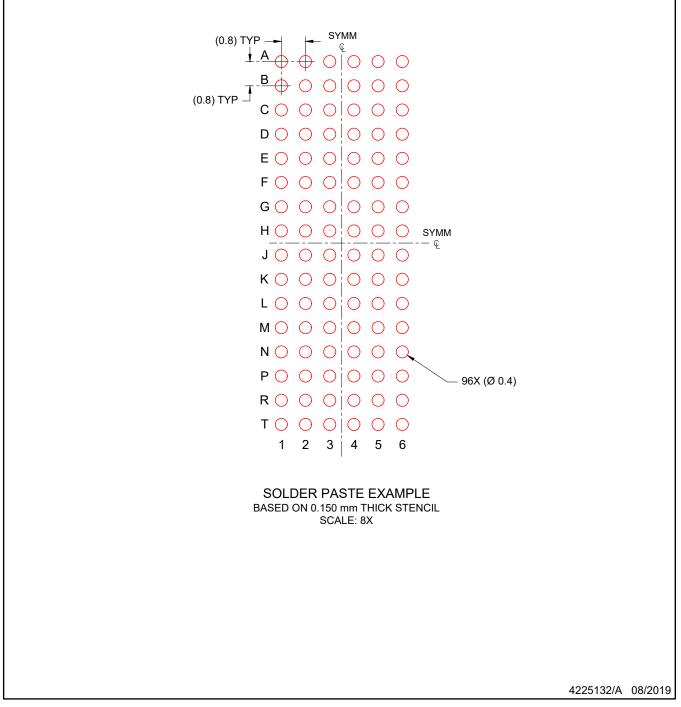


# NMJ0096A

# **EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN**

# NFBGA - 1.4 mm max height

PLASTIC BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.



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